center for writing university of minnesota http://writing.umn.edu 612.625.1893



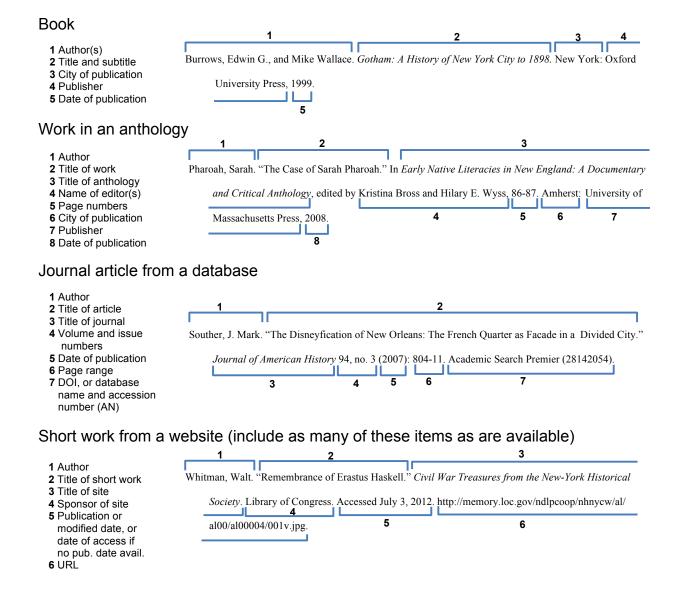
student writing support

## quicktips

## CHICAGO DOCUMENTATION STYLE: BIBLIOGRAPHY PAGE

Most texts written in History (and some in other humanities disciplines) use Chicago style to cite sources. Chicago-style documents include in-text superscript numbers referring to footnotes or endnotes (see quicktip on "Chicago Documentation Style: Footnotes/Endnotes," which includes the notes for the sources on this page) along with a more detailed listing of sources in a separate Bibliography page at the end of a document (see sample on back of this page).

The requirements for what to include in Bibliography entries are designed so that another researcher could find and refer to the same sources you've included. Below are guidelines adapted from Diana Hacker and Nancy Sommers's *A Writer's Reference*, 7<sup>th</sup> ed., that show the basic principles of some common forms of Chicago Bibliography citation:



Here is an example of what a Chicago-style Bibliography page typically looks like. Using standard formats for your entries enhances your credibility with academic readers, and alphabetizing your list helps fellow researchers quickly locate the sources that you refer to in the body of your text. For more formats & source types, visit <a href="http://www.dianahacker.com/resdoc/">http://www.dianahacker.com/resdoc/</a> or, for access to the full Chicago Manual of Style online (16<sup>th</sup> edition), visit <a href="mailto:z.umn.edu/chicagostyle">z.umn.edu/chicagostyle</a> (access provided by University of Minnesota Libraries).

